

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1835.

The Atlas—Abolitionists, &c.—The miserable manner in which the *Atlas* endeavours to escape from the disgrace of uttering the falsehood contained in its columns on Wednesday can only tend to sink it yet lower in the estimation of honorable and sensible people. It pretends that it was not until it saw the article in the *Globe* upon which it commented on Wednesday, that it thought it necessary to attempt to connect the Abolition, with the Presidential question—this is untrue—for the day before it had seen the article in the *Globe*, a paragraph appeared in its columns upon the subject of foreign influence, wherein an attempt is made, in speaking of *Messrs Thompson and Grund*, to connect the two questions.

The *Atlas* of yesterday asks—“Will the Post have the effrontry after this, to deny our assertion that Mr Van Buren is the favorite candidate of the abolitionists?” Yes, the Post has the effrontry to deny it, and to assert that, if the Abolitionists have a favorite candidate for the Presidency, it is the *N. E. Whig Candidate*, and as evidence of this, among other facts, we republish the following account of a public meeting which appeared in the *Boston Gazette*, and other Whig papers, just before the election in November last:—

MEETING OF COLORED PEOPLE.

At a meeting of the Colored Voters of this City at the School Room in Belknap street, on Friday evening, Nov. 7th, Thomas Dalton was called to the Chair, and John T. Hilton was appointed Secretary.

The following Resolutions offered by Mr John T. Hilton were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the talents and integrity of the Hon. JOHN DAVIS, taken with his eminent services to his State and Country, will fully justify all honorable efforts on our part to secure his re-election to the office of Governor, for the approaching political year.

Resolved, That the principles of his Honor, the Lieut. Governor, SAMUEL T. ARMSTRONG, as a Christian, Philanthropist, and sound Politician, likewise command him to our hearty and united support in re-electing him to his present station as Lieut. Governor.

Resolved, That ABBOTT LAWRENCE, Esq. the Whig Candidate for Representative to Congress, is not behind the chief of the apostles in the qualities of the heart and head; and inasmuch as he has publicly signified his abhorrence of Slavery, and his intentions of frowning against its continuance, we will not withhold from him our suffrages at the Polls on Monday next.

Resolved, That it is high time we should awake out of sleep, and not abuse but appreciate and use our rights and privileges in common with the rest of our fellow-citizens.

Resolved, That the present period resembles the tree which bore fruit of both good and evil—let us be careful therefore in plucking, that we take not the evil fruit.

THOMAS DALTON, Chairman.

JOHN T. HILTON, Secretary.

An Opposition Letter written to the owner.—The new Postmaster General has been most vilely abused by the opposition on account of his alleged conduct in relation to the appointment of a Postmaster at Old Point Comfort. It was said that he advertised for a meeting of citizens to recommend a candidate, and subsequently disregarded entirely the proceedings of that meeting, and appointed a man to the office who did not receive the vote of one of its members. So far from this being true, the *Globe* states that *no such meeting was held at Old Point, that no appointment of Postmaster has been made there by the present Postmaster General, and that no such men as those named live in the place!* Nor did the Postmaster General ever write any letter upon the subject! When a post office is vacant, or is about to become so, and the Department has no satisfactory recommendation of a successor, it is, and long has been the custom, to call for a popular recommendation, and this was done by the Senior Assistant Postmaster General at Old Point.

It is not fit this occasion should pass without the expression of affection for our common country, for this happy union. Blessed beyond example in the annals of the world, our country advances to prosperity as on the wings of the eagle. The genius of our institutions is pacific; nations that despised our weakness, respect us in our strength. Rendering justice to all, every nation of the globe desires to be our friend, and our continued peace almost promises to realize the vision of philanthropists, and to become perpetual. No national debt exhausts our resources by the necessity of excessive taxation; no luxurious court consumes the surplus products of thrifty labor, in supporting its ostentation or its vices. It is nature alone, that claims from us a tribute; it is nature, that demands of us to expend the results of our industry in improving and beautifying her works, in turning her prolific fertility to the purposes of human happiness; in subjecting her wild and undisciplined powers to the active hand of culture.

Peace has its victories: it conquers nature; it runs a race with time; it invades the wilderness; it takes possession of the desert; it fills the lonely places with cities; it spreads its iron pathways, till they begin to cross the prairie and enter the remoter wilderness; it guides the babbling mountain streams, into more sluggish but more useful channels; it binds together the remotest parts of our union in a commerce as productive as it is free.”

The meeting called last evening at the Old Common Council Room, by the Democratic County Committee, assembled at the hour designated, when they found the room occupied by individuals who do not belong to the party; the moment the hour arrived, contrary to usage and propriety, an individual usurped the duties of the Chairman of the County Committee, called the meeting to order, when they finished the business as best suited themselves. The friends of Van Buren and Morton, finding themselves thus unmercifully deprived of their room, and excluded from all participation, were requested to adjourn to the U. S. District Court Room, where a large number soon assembled, and, after organizing, by the election of J. L. Barber as Chairman and F. Dow as Secretary, adjourned to meet at the same place on Tuesday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

The editor of the *New York Post* has issued an address to the public in relation to his journey, the sums he has given for charitable purposes, &c. &c. He states that he brought funds to this country to meet all demands during his sojourn—that he has no opponent travelling in France or any where else—that he is to perform again in almost every city and town in New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia, and that his American tour will terminate at Richmond during the summer of 1836, when an explanation of the whole affair will be given to the public. He has given to charitable purposes in the U. States, about \$2500—and his personal expenses during that time for printing, &c. have been of \$4200. He distributed in England, Ireland, and Scotland, and the British Provinces in North America, \$10,000, and his personal expenses during that period were \$1400. While he was in Ireland, during one year travelling and eighteen months sickness, his expenses were not more than \$25. His American receipt books and every scrap of writing connected with them will, he says, be shown in all the large cities and towns in Great Britain, and it shall be no fault of his if they are in any way found deficient.

We understand that the amount of revenue that accrued in Boston from Imposts, during the last month, was \$105,000 more than the corresponding month of the last year.

Two thousand three hundred and ninety one tons of coal arrived at this port yesterday, from Philadelphia.

We learn that ANDREW DUNLAP, Esq., late U. States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts, died on Monday 27th inst., at Salem. We have also been informed, from a source deserving of some credit, that on his death-bed, Mr Dunlap regretted his having advocated the cause of Abner Kneeland, at the time of his prosecution for blasphemy in the winter of 1833.”—*Christian Watchman.*

We know not the source of the *Watchman's* intelligence, but we do know that there is no truth in the statement that Mr Dunlap regretted having advocated the cause of Mr Kneeland. The story is one of those pious fictions to which sectarian zealots often resort, when they think the truth will not serve them; but falsehood is a poor prop for any good cause—and the poorest possible for religion. Justice to the cherished memory of a departed and valued friend requires that this imputation upon his character be wiped away.

Mr Dunlap defended Mr Kneeland's rights, not his tenets. He expressly and repeatedly during the trial avowed his belief to be different, entirely, from that of Mr. K. Mr. Dunlap undertook this defense after adequate deliberation, and a just apprehension of all its bearings upon the public rights and upon his own standing with the public. He was fully aware that malevolent sectarians, regardless of that christian charity which dwells so much upon their tongues, would endeavour to brand him with odium. That failing to meet and rebut his constitutional argument, they would raise against him the cry of Infidelity. This did not deter him from the performance of what he thought a duty. He felt as a professional man, that he had no right to refuse to defend Mr Kneeland. He felt more—as a citizen, that this indictment was an invasion upon the Constitutional rights of the defendant, and, of every individual in this commonwealth. In his view, it involved a great question of Constitutional law—of religious freedom and the freedom of the press.

The Constitution says that no one shall be hurt for his religious sentiments or profession if he demean himself peaceably. It also says the freedom of the press ought not to be restrained in this Commonwealth—These great Constitutional shields were attempted to be broken down, and trampled in the dust by the fire and faggot sectarians who prosecuted Mr. Kneeland. Mr. Dunlap stepped forth, not to defend Mr. Kneeland's principles, but his rights, and in doing it he defended the right of every man. He defended the principles of religious toleration and the liberty of the press. And how he performed this service let his speech answer—let those who doubt read it—a speech rich in historic lore—filled with unanswered and unanswerable reasoning, beautified by classical allusions and swelling with fervid eloquence—a work that will be looked to in after time, as a splendid specimen of enlarged and liberal views—of legal acumen—of real benevolence—of rare and glowing eloquence. A work of which he himself was proud, and of which every liberal minded man of every country may also justly feel proud. So far from meriting the public censure of the press for this effort, he deserves the public gratitude, and if the present generation do not, a more liberal age will yet award it to him.

AN OLD FRIEND.

Extract from the speech of GEORGE BANCROFT Esq., at the Canal Celebration at Northampton on the 29th ultimo:—

“One word then for *New England*: our cherished birth place, our happy home. One word for *New England*! the stern but affectionate mother, who nurses her children in such discipline, that they have passed the

limits allotted to the days of man's years. One word for *New England*! whose cold but genial climate gives such vigor to her sons, that they plan new schemes of usefulness, while they are standing on the verge of four score.

It is not fit this occasion should pass without the expression of affection for our common country, for this happy union. Blessed beyond example in the annals of the world, our country advances to prosperity as on the wings of the eagle. The genius of our institutions is pacific; nations that despised our weakness, respect us in our strength. Rendering justice to all, every nation of the globe desires to be our friend, and our continued peace almost promises to realize the vision of philanthropists, and to become perpetual. No national debt exhausts our resources by the necessity of excessive taxation; no luxurious court consumes the surplus products of thrifty labor, in supporting its ostentation or its vices. It is nature alone, that claims from us a tribute; it is nature, that demands of us to expend the results of our industry in improving and beautifying her works, in turning her prolific fertility to the purposes of human happiness; in subjecting her wild and undisciplined powers to the active hand of culture.

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The editor of the *New York Post* has received a letter from Mr Forrest, written in Florence, in which he proposes navigating the air—he proposes to build one as soon as one thousand dollars are raised, and try one experiment.

“He favoured me,” says Mr Forrest, “with a sight of his yet unfinished model for the statue of Washington, which was ordered by Government, and is to be placed in the rotunda of the Capitol. He has represented the Father of his Country in a sitting posture, his left hand grasping the sword intrusted to him by the people for the achievement of their liberties, and his right pointing upward, as if to express reliance on the God of battles and the justice of his cause.

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Richard Leamy, of Albany, complains that his wife has run away from him, and, what is worse than that, taken all his money. He says she is a “good looking, small, and very straight limbed” woman—if we hear of any body who knows of an astray, answering this description, we will let Mr Leamy know it.

The Board of Health for the town of Newport, have issued nearly a column of quarantine regulations in anticipation of the cholera, most of them of the most ridiculous character.

Mr Hewes, of Tea Party memory, passed through Providence on Thursday, on his way to New York.

The Ohio Monitor recommends Mr Woodbury for the vacant Chief Justiceship.

From Laguira.—We have been favored with an extract of a letter from Laguira, dated the 10th of July, (received via St Thomas) which states that a change of government had been effected by the opposition—a military movement—and that the President and Vice President, J. M. Vargas and Dr Navarro had been put on board the Aurora, for St Thomas, and sent out of the country. Every thing was done in a quiet manner, but it was difficult to foresee the consequences that would result from this measure. The people expressed great confidence in General Paez, and all would depend upon the course he should adopt. All business was at a stand. The writer recommends his correspondent, in a postscript, not to place any confidence in the idle stories which would be circulated relative to this affair.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

From Para.—By the arrival at Salem on Thursday, of the *Baltimore*, Capt Richards, from Para, the *Salem Gazette* has received information that the expedition, so long expected from Rio Janeiro, arrived at Para, 22d June, with a new President for that province, and he having corresponded with Vinagre immediately on his arrival, the latter finally consented to give up the Presidency. On the 26th he was installed, with the usual ceremonies, and on the day following, Vinagre delivered up the fortified points, making his soldiers at the same time lay down their arms.

Massacre in Cuba.—The *N. Y. Mercantile* states that a letter from Matanzas of the 21st ult. furnishes information that an insurrection of the negroes had taken place on a small plantation, who murdered all the whites, and proceeded to a neighboring village, where, after committing further depredations and killing some of the inhabitants, they were finally overcome and made prisoners. On the arrival of the news at Matanzas, an armed force was immediately despatched to take charge of the prisoner, and to suppress any further attempt at insurrection.

North Carolina Election.—We extract the following from the *Tarboro* (N. C.) Press of the 1st inst.:—

“*The Election.*—On Thursday last, the election was held in this county—we learn, *unofficially*, but we believe correctly, that for Congress Dr Hall, (Administration,) received 1,319 votes, and Mr Pettigrew, (opposition) 75—majority for Dr Hall, 1,244. General Assembly—Benj. Sharpe, Senate; Lemuel Beberry and Joseph John Pippen, Commons. In Pitt, we understand, Dr Hall's majority is 64—two districts to be decided.

This is a good beginning.—*Globe.*

A volume, written and compiled by two of the crew of Captain Ross's late Arctic expedition, has appeared in London; it brings charges of an unparalleled nature against the captain, and gives all the credit to Commander Ross; the captain is declared to have monopolized all the trade with the Esquimaux, selling them the presents sent by government, and retaining the proceeds for his own use, &c. They state that the Esquimaux make sledges of salmon sewed in skins, having cross pieces of deer's bones, and in time of scarcity eat their sledges! It is stated in Ross's Narrative that one sledge was seen

Capt. Bassiere.—Speaking of Captain B., and the young ladies implicated with him, the Baltimore Patriot says:—

“It is stated that all the parties deny that an improper intercourse has taken place between Captain B. and the person in question, and that he is taking measures to prove that he was greatly indisposed on the day alluded to, and his family being absent in the country, and he being acquainted with the widow and her family she sent her daughter and the ward of Mr Baylies, over to his house to nurse and take care of him, being unable from sickness to attend herself.

Curiosity.—We were shown yesterday, at Mr Lowell's, Exchange Street, a pair of pistols, which are said to have formerly belonged to Louis XVI. of France. Whether this be the fact or not, they are curious for their antiquity and workmanship. They are richly mounted and inlaid with silver. The locks bear the imprint—*LARGE TEA 1731 A BORDEAUX*. The barrels are also marked with the name and place.

Eastern Argus.

Shocking Disaster.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* mentions that the steam boat *Rob Roy*, on her way up from New Orleans, on the 19th ult. about 15 miles from New Madrid, struck a snag which caused her to twist in such a manner as to break one of her branch pipes and scalded ten or twelve persons of whom four had died, and two more not expected to recover; at the same time number of persons leaped overboard, of whom three were drowned.

Fire.—A building attached to the furnace establishment, situated at the north part of our city, and owned by Messrs Stanford, Newell & Co., was principally consumed with its contents, at about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Loss probably about \$1000. The more valuable property in the immediate vicinity was preserved from destruction, though several times on fire, by the prompt assistance of neighboring citizens and the fire department. The fire is supposed to have originated from the drying oven.—*Providence Pat.*

Indiana.—A letter from this state says:—

“Van Buren and Johnson are certain to receive the electoral vote of this state. The whigs are in a cruel quandary. They are afraid to go for Webster, and they do not like White. The party is without a ‘head’—I am not so certain about the tail.”

The cholera has made its appearance in Shelbyville, Tennessee, one death having occurred. At Beach Grove, in the same State, thirty cases occurred, out of which seven had died. The disease also broke out in Russellville, Kentucky, on the 13th July. Major John R. Forbush and four blacks had fallen victims to it.

Flying Machine.—Mr Abraham Mason, of Pittsburgh, has invented a steam flying machine, with which he proposes navigating the air—he proposes to build one as soon as one thousand dollars are raised, and try one experiment.

Canal Steam Boat.—A small steam boat, constructed on Mr Burden's plan, has recently been built at the nail factory near Troy. She is intended for the Erie Canal, and will soon be ready to run. It is expected that her speed will be from 8 to 10 miles an hour.

On last Saturday, a young man named J. Macnamara, was killed by falling into a cellar of a building, now erected on the corner of St. Clair and liberty streets, Pittsburg, Penn.

More “availables” in the field.—The *Princeton*, (N. J.) Whig has nominated Henry Clay for President, and Samuel L. Southard for Vice President.

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A new species of practice.—The *North River Times*, published at Haverstraw, tells of a young upstart of a doctor who has recently “settled” in that village, who was a few days since called to visit a lady who had taken cold in a thumb, from which she had extracted a thorn, which had become inflamed. Young Columbus immediately administered fifty grains of calomel, and after watching the thumb with great anxiety for an hour, he poked down a thumping dose of jalap and went his way. In the course of the day he again called, and had the satisfaction to find his patient enjoying a happy state of purgation, but still no alteration in the thumb; whereupon he sent home another round dose of calomel, and left her for the night. The lady, burning with an inward fever, and unconscious of the nature of the drug she had taken, drank plentifully of cold water. Salivation ensued; and though she saved her thumb, she lost her teeth, and what is worse, her health is sacrificed forever. The husband commenced a suit for damages, but the doctor proved, that, in all cases of this kind, the practice in question would be according to *Grunter*, or in other words was *scientific*; so that, in addition to the loss of his wife's teeth and health, the plaintiff lost his suit and had to pay his own costs!—*N. Y. Sun.*

Anecdote of a Delaware Pilot, Dicky West.—

“On one occasion, he had been put on board a vessel bound up, inside the Capes, a little before dark. After taking the command, ordering the sails to be trimmed to catch what they might of a light breeze, and fortifying himself with a stiff rummer of brandy, (being pretty well primed) he stretched himself on the starboard hen-coop, and fell fast asleep. The second mate, who was it, was on deck, missing our friend's cheerful chat, and anxious to hear more of the news, after a long absence, determined to rouse him. Lighting a briar-stem, he placed it under the sleeper's nose and let him have a good snuff. Dicky was on his feet in a moment, and sang out to the man at the wheel—Hard up—I smell h—ll!”

We have been favored by Messrs Topliff, with a file of Cadiz papers

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT
FOR PORTSMOUTH, DOVER AND GREAT
FALLS, N. H. AND SOUTH BERWICK, Maine.



Fare to Portsmouth, \$2.00

 " Dover, 2.25

 " Great Falls and 2.25

 " South Berwick, 2.25

THE STEAM BOAT CITIZEN,

CAPT. J. H. PENDLETON.

Will leave the T. W. Boston, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, for Portsmouth, Dover and Great Falls, N. H. and South Berwick, Me.

She will be in readiness at Portsmouth, to take passengers to the above places. Seats in the stages may be secured on board the boat, and at the Dover Hotel.

Returning—will leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at 7 o'clock.

Stages will leave the above places for Portsmouth, in time to meet the boat.

Arrangements have been made with a line of packets to carry freight to and from Dover, each trip.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to EDMUND WRIGHT JR., T. whar, or L. W. GOODRICH, 53 Washington esisn m26 street.

NAHANT STEAM BOAT—PERMANENT AR-

RANGEMENT.

The elegant low pressure Steam-boat FANNY, Captain A. Marsh, will leave for Hill wharf for Nahant, as follows—every week day at 9 o'clock, A. M. and 3 P. M.—Sundays, at 9 o'clock, A. M. and 2 P. M. Returning, leaves Nahant at 11 A. M. and 6 P. M. Fare, 25 cents. isth jy15

FOR GIBRALTAR,
TO SAIL 12TH INST.

The Coppered Brig PLATO, S. V. ROBBINS, Master. For freight or passage apply to LOMBARD & WHITMORE, 31 Commercial wharf, aug1

10p

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—PACKET LINE.

The superior fast sailing coppered ship DALMA-
TIA, Windsor, master, is loading at Commer-

cial wharf—having half her freight engaged, will
have immediate despatch, and take steam at the Ba-
hia—for freight or passage, apply to

W. K. SIMPSON, 110 Milk street.

FOR HARTFORD—REGULAR LINE.

ON SATURDAY.

The schooner LYDIA, Captain Mills, will sail as

above—for freight or passage apply to JOSHUA SEARS, No 14 Long wharf, HARTSHORN & ELLIS,

No 7 Central wharf, or the captain on board, head of

Central wharf, south side. aug2

FOR MALTA.

The fast sailing coppered and copper fastened

Br. Bovis, Capt. Grier, will sail for the above

place in six days—for freight (which will be taken

very low) or passage, (having superior accommoda-

tions,) apply to JAMES ANDREWS & SON, No 8 Central

wharf, or DANIEL DRAPER, No 8 Market square.

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FREIGHT FROM ENGLAND TO BOSTON.—A

ton, freight may be obtained for a vessel of 300 or 400

tons burthen from England to Boston, by applying to KEN-

DALL & KINGSBURY, No. 17 India wharf. jy18

TO LET.

An Estate on Washington st, near Roxbury, now

occupied by William Fiske, containing 100,000 feet of

land, with two Dwelling Houses and other buildings.

The above will be let on a lease of from 15 to 40 years, on

terms favorable to persons wishing to build houses.

Apply, on or before the 7th instant, to NOAH BROOKS, or

H. MONTGOMERY, South Boston.

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INSURANCE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been ap-

pointed the Agent of the Middlesex Mutual Fire Insur-

ance Company, for the Town of Cambridge, in the place of

Judge Fay, resigned. The business of the Agency will be at

tended to, as heretofore, at the office in Cambridgeport, under

the bank.

JOHN P. TARBELL.

Cambridge, Aug. 8, 1835.

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PERFUMERY, COSMETICS AND FANCY

SOAP.—Just received, 4 cases of fresh Perfume, among

which is Cologne, Lavender, Florida, Hungary, Portugal, and

Honey Water—Essence of Rose—Pearl Powder—Precious

Salts—Essence of Tyre—Ripahilia—Milk of the Rose—Aqua-

Macassar, Ward's, and Bear Oils—Curing Fluid, Shaving Soaps,

Naples, Emollient, Windsor, Palm, Barber's Soaps,

pots, jars and wrappers—also a large lot of English Windsor

Soap, in bulk, and a great variety of Fancy Soaps; for sale at

GEYER'S Apothecary Store 104 Hanover street, corner of

Gran & Stone, in Philadelphia.

The above premium will be paid for the best plans, &c. that

shall be in the hands of the subscriber on or before the 15th of

September next, provided the same shall be adopted by the

Directors in full, or in any general basis of their operations.—

Every applicant is requested to accompany his drawings with

a sealed envelope, containing his name and address, which will

be destroyed unopened, if he should be unsuccessful. For fur-

ther information, apply to

ELLISS GRAY LORING, Treasurer.

Boston, August 6, 1835.

500 PREMIUM.

THE Directors of the CITY HOTEL, in Boston, offer a

premium of Five Hundred Dollars, for suitable Plans, to

Elevations for an extensive Hotel, with its necessary

amenities, to be built on a piece of land, containing about 21,000 square

feet, bounded on all sides by streets, and directly opposite

the Passenger Depot of the Worcester Railroad, in the South Cove.

It is proposed to have a large shop on the eastern and

southern front, and the house must be capable of well accom-

modating about two hundred persons. Stables will be erected

on an adjacent lot. Plans of the shape and location of the

ground may be seen in Boston, at the office of the subscriber,

No 27 State street, and at the Mechanics' Reading Room, in

Wilson's Lane—in the city of New York, at Howes, Godfrey & Robinson's, No 30 South st—and at the counting room of

Gran & Stone, in Philadelphia.

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ther information, apply to

JOS. MARINER, 109 State street.

H. RAYMOND & CO, 211 Pearl st, N. Y.

ALEXR BOYDEN, at the Foundry,

East Boston.

200 REWARD.—Lost, or paid out for one dol-

lar, on Tuesday evening, at the counting room

of Messrs FAY & TIRRELL, Front street, a \$100 bill on the Wash-

ington Bank. The finder, or the person to whom it was paid

by mistake, shall receive the above reward on returning the

same. Apply at the Counting Room of FAY & TIRRELL,

Front street.

THE YOUNG BOTANIST.—Being a treatise on the

science, prepared for the use of persons just commencing the

study of plants. By J. L. Comstock, M. D. For sale by

MARSH, CAPE & LYON, 133 Washington street. a 8

200 PACKAGES SHOES AND BOOTS.

CROWN GLASS—AT REDUCED PRICES—COPE

LAND & LOVING, No 35 India st, agents for Reduc-

ed Glass at a reduction of former prices—the quality of the arti-

cle is warranted equal to any Crown Glass made in the United

States, and the price will make an object for dealers and

others in want of glass to purchase.

In Store—1000 boxes 5x7 to 12 by 20.

Extra sizes can be ordered at short notice.

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GEN TLEMENS'

FINE READY-MADE LINEN,

CONSTANTLY FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM R. KELLEY,

No 5 Congress Square.

isth

FASHIONABLE HAT, CAP AND GLOVE

STORE.—FRESH FASHIONS

H. BELLAMY has just received a splendid assortment of Hats,

Caps, Gloves and Hatter's Trimmings, from New York.

He respectfully invites all his old friends and customers to just

drop in at his store, No 15 Congress, and to consult him.

H. B. trusts all who call will find his assortment equal to

any in the city, that he proposes giving instructions on the

Organ, Piano Forte, and Singing. Terms, &c. made known,

by applying at his residence, No 56 Belmont st, a few doors

from Mount Vernon st.

N. B.—H. B. has on hand a splendid assortment of Gold Lace,

Silver do, Gold Cord, Silver do, Gold and Silver Ornaments

etc.—Also a fine assortment of Ladies' Head Dresses &c.

ANGLO-INDIA GOODS.—Last Dye—Silks—Ginger, Salt-

Pepper—Hides—Shells, Gum Copal, Salammoniac, Borax,

Munjeet, Safflower, Buffalo Horns, Rattans, &c. for sale at 43

Central wharf.

The above goods will be sold on reasonable terms, to close

the concerns of the late firm of WM GODDARD & SON.

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WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two Journey-

men, to whom constant employment will be

given—Inquire at the Printing Office, South Boston.

ang8

COUNTRY MERCHANTS ATTEND.—A large

assortment of HATS, suitable for the country trade, may

be found at DEXTER'S, (late Olney, Dexter & Gill,) 37 Court

street—opposite the New Court House. ept18&21

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.—Dr C. ROBBINS re-

quests those persons who wish to consult him, to call between

1 and 4 o'clock, instead of between 3 and 4, PM, as heretofore—No 1 Franklin st.

BOSTON AND HARTFORD PACKETS.

The Regular Line of Packets between Boston and Hartford, will consist of the following vessels:

Schooner ANN,	Captain Flower,
" CHINA,	" Churchill,
" LYDIA,	" Mills,
" MARY,	" Ball,
" ECHO,	" Goodspeed.

These vessels are of the first class, and built expressly for the trade. The captains have been long engaged in the business, and are experienced pilots. Each vessel will be made to run to and from Boston under the direction of the packetmaster. It is intended, after the 10th March, one vessel shall leave every Saturday, from the head of Central wharf, south side, and come into Hartford every Wednesday. Terms of freight apply to JOSHUA SEARS, No 14 Long wharf, HARTFORD & ELLIS, No 7 Central wharf, or the Captain, on board, head of said wharf, south side, and in Hartford to THOMAS K. BRUCE & CO.

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BOSTON AND BINGHAM.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Three Trips a day.

The Steamboat GEN'L LINCOLN,

Capt George Bean,

" Hingham,

6½ o'clock, A. M. 8½ o'clock, A. M.

10½ " " 12½ " P. M.

2 P. M. 6 " " P. M.

FARE 37½ Cents.

Carriages will be in readiness, on the arrival of the boat at Hingham, to convey passengers to any part of that and most of the neighboring towns.

Passengers by applying at the Captain's office can be conveyed to any part of the city for 12½ cts.

For further particulars apply to the captain on board, to ALBERT FEAR & CO, No 1 Chy wharf, or the subscriber,

Hingham, June 6, 1835.

DAVID WHITON, Agent.

ENSE DYE HOUSE.—JOHN G. BITTNER, SILK,

Cotton, Linen and Woolen Dyer, will inform his friends and the general public of Boston, Lynn and Salem, that he has taken a shop on Centre street, Lynn, where will dye and finish in the best manner, the following articles:

Brooches—castmusters—satin—linings—crapes—silk and cotton velvets—worsted cards—canary hair shawls—hosiery and gloves—plush—ribbons &c—also lace veils—leghorn and straw bonnets—ostrich and other feathers. Ladies and gentlemen's woolen garments, such as dress coats—great coats and frock coats—soutours—vests and pantaloons—ladies' habits—cloaks &c, dyed and pressed, so as to appear like new, without being ripped.

J. G. B. would give further notice, that he cleaves and finishes Linen and General Garments of every description, without rippling, to please here and there, unknown to the public: also, military garments, that are spoiled by sweat or water, can be restored to their original color, without injury to the cloth. Merino and Cashmere Shawls cleansed without injury to the borders—Carpets—woolen Table Cloths &c.

All articles left at the Dye House, or with JOHN REED, Salem—JOHN BOWLER, Lynn—WM. TROUP, No 50 Hanover street, Boston, will receive prompt attention, and will be returned in fourteen days from the time they are left.

J. G. B. having had upwards of 17 years' experience in the above business, is confident that he can give undoubted satisfaction. Those that favor him with their custom may depend upon him, and on the most reasonable terms. He asks a share of that patronage which he is determined to merit.

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MASSACHUSETTS BOTANIC INFIRMARY

—Or, Thomsonian Hospital—for the reception of the sick and lame, situated on the bank of the Boston and Worcester Railroad, No 554 Washington st, with a view of the Railroad and surrounding country on the West, and Boston Harbour, its shipping and Islands on the East. The Infirmary has been additionally fitted up in a style not surpassed by any spacious and airy. The prospect is the East and West very pleasant. The whole establishment is to be conducted on a personal care of Dr J. A. Brown, formerly of the Tremont Infirmary, and for some years past Botanic Physician in the city, during which time he attended or prescribed for several thousand persons, to whom Patients can be referred for further information.

P. D. BADGER, a Proprietor, who has had considerable acquaintance with the system, will superintend the main department, together with other faithful and experienced assistants. The medical department will be under the immediate superintendence of Dr Brown, assisted by Mrs. Badger, who has for a considerable time been in the Massachusetts General Hospital, and pronounced by Dr. Warren the best nurse he ever had. But from seeing the good effects of the Vegetable medicina in restoring a child given up to die, has for several years had considerable experience in the Thomsonian system of practice.

The subscribers pledge themselves that nothing shall be wanting on their part to make all who may favor them with a call, both comfortable and perfectly satisfied.

The price will be the same as heretofore, to be paid in advance, with fifty per cent discount, to such as are really objects of charity.

All charges for attendance will be refunded where the medical service is not appreciated as recommended.

For sale as above—Syrups for colds—Anti Distemper Bitters, together with a general assortment of Vegetable Medicines, wholesale and retail, at fair prices.

113 A. BROWN,
P. D. BADGER.

MAHANIEL P. SNELLING respectively gives notice to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to execute any orders in the line of his profession at the shortest notice and in the most workmanlike manner, having made extensive alterations by the addition of the words adjoining, and other improvements, which will enable him to construct a general Tailoring Establishment in the public service, and by his arrangement to his calling, at least to merit a share of public patronage. Having made arrangements with Merchant Tailors in New York and Philadelphia to transact immediately on arrival the London Fashions, which will enable gentlemen to furnish themselves in the first style, and sooner than can be procured in any other establishment in this city.

N. P. S. has just received from New York a splendid assortment of Cloths—Cassimeres, and Fancy Vesting. Gentlemen are requested to call and examine for themselves, particularly some splendid Cloths and London Tailors.

N. P. S. continues the agency of Tailors' Chalk, an article well known by the trade as being well adapted to drawing lines on stufis, and is easily erased.

Also, a large assortment of Tape Measures, some of them a first rate article, which is much wanted by the trade in general.

Orders for any of the above will be promptly attended to if addressed to NATHANIEL P. SNELLING, Nos 10 & 12 Congress street, Boston.

113

TURE BEAR'S OIL may be had by the groce, dozen or single bottle, of A. BOYDEN, Hancock-st.

As in all cases, so especially this, Venders, if they wish to secure a share of the public, should be extremely cautious not to sell an article for the Hair which tends to counteract rather than assist nature.

The virtues of Bear's Oil have been too long tested to need any eulogium; and at this time no one can doubt of its being the very best article for strengthening and promoting the growth of the Hair. An honest prejudice against the use of Bear's Oil has long existed, arising from two causes—the improper method of purifying it, and the imposition upon the public of a spurious article. That this prejudice may be wholly removed, this article now offered is warranted the pure Oil, rendered more pleasant by the addition of a little perfume, and the possibility of its injuring the Hair is entirely precluded by the manner in which it has been purified. To prevent fraud, the genuine is enclosed in two wrappers, the inside one being signed Arnold Boyden.

113

DR. CERLIEU'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT.—A sovereign remedy for the Sait Rheum, Scald Head, Leprosy and all other Cutaneous complaints. These dreaded diseases, which are met with so much reluctance by the physician and in which he is so universally unsuccessful, have at length found a certain remedy in Dr Cerlieu's Ointment. This article has stood the test of experience and justly gained unexampled celebrity. It has in three or four weeks cured cases of more than thirty years standing, which baffled the art of the most experienced physician, and the power of every other remedy that could be devised. It immediately removes the scab of the skin, and restores its original color and smoothness. Sold wholesale and retail by ANDREW GEVER, No 104 Hanover street. Price 56 cents per bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

113

CLOTHS, MERINOS, PRINTS, &c.—10 cases assorted colors Broadcloths;

10 do do do Cassimeres;

10 bales do do Merinos, 3-4;

5 do do do do 6-4;

50 cases Prints;

5 do flag Bandana Hdks;

2 do fancy Sks;

1 do Merino Shawls and Hdks;

2 do black Sarsseys;

2 do Goatshair Camblet, colors blk, blue and brown;

3 do Imitation do do do do do

100 bales brown and bleached Skins;

200 do do do do Shirts;

Ticks, Plaids, Stripes, Checks, assorted colors Cotton Flannel,

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS;

50 cases men's calf and thick Boots;

30 do do do do Shoes;

50 do women's mor', kid, lasting and leather Shoes;

5 do India Rubber Over Shoes;

75 do napt and wool Hats.

For sale by HOW & JONES, at No 69 Milk street, low for cash.

113—Sept 15

NEW AND FASHIONABLE.—Gentlemen in want

of something new, good and fashionable for Vestis, Tablous, &c, are requested to drop in at WYMAN'S opposite the Post Office, Washington street, where they will find a large assortment of Vestings and Pantalon Stuffs, than any other store in the city, which he will sell by the piece, yard, or make into Garments at the shortest notice in the most fashionable style.

J. G. Wyman having made arrangements to receive his goods direct from London and Paris, his establishment will at all times be furnished with the best and most fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's Garments on the most reasonable terms

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RECORD OF A SCHOOL.—Exemplifying the gen-

eral principles of Spiritual Culture—for sale by MARSH,

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